IMPORTANT:

THESE INSTRUCTIONS ARE TO REMAIN WITH THE HOMEOWNER



C 1	\mathbf{F}	\mathbf{R}	T	1 2		#
. 7	ا ر' ا		. /-	¬\	,	$\boldsymbol{\pi}$

SAFETY NOTICE

If this stove is not properly installed, a house fire may result. For your safety, follow the installation instructions. Contact local building or fire officials about restrictions and installation inspection requirements in your area.

INSTALLATION AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



TESTED and LISTED to CAN/ULC S627 AND UL 1482

Meets the Environmental Protection Agency's May 2015 Particulate Emission Standards









MODEL - SUPER 27 SPECTRUM SPECTRUM CLASSIC DESIGN-D

Contents

Safety and Maintenance	3
Maintenance Checks	4
Chimney Smoke and Creosote Formation	5
Chimney Fires	5
In Case of a Chimney Fire	5
Avoiding a Chimney Fire	5
Assembly	6
Crate Removal	6
Optional Ash Cleanout System -(Install first)	6
Padastal Kit	6
Leg Kit Mobile Home Installation	<u>6</u>
Mobile Home Installation	7
Clearances	/
Procedure:	7
Residential Installation	9
Clearances	9
Chimney and Connector	9
Double-Wall Connector	9
Single-Wall Connector	9
Procedure	9
Floor Protector1	Ŭ
Combustion Air1	Q
Operation 1	1
Over Firing1	
Wood Selection	1
How to Test Your Wood 1	
How to Test Your Wood	1
Normal Operation 1	1
Restarting After Extended or Overnight Burns1	2
Heat Output Calculation 1	2
Proper Draπ1	2
Ash Removal1	2
Disposal of Ashes1	2
Baffle Removal1	
Removal1	3
Optional Blower 1	3
Blower Operation1	3
Optional Outside Air Adaptor	3
Appendix A1	4
Troubleshooting1	4
Replacement Parts - Super 271	5
Replacement Parts - Spectrum and Spectrum Classic	6
Understanding & Operating Your Pacific Energy Stove1	1
Pedestal or Legs Installation Instructions	8
Label	3

PLEASE SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

This manual describes the installation and operation of the Pacific Energy, SUPER 27 Freestanding wood heater. This heater meets the 2015 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's crib wood emission limits for wood heaters sold after May 15, 2015. Under specific test conditions this heater has been shown to deliver heat at rates ranging from 11,100 to 34,600 Btu/hr.

NOTE: WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND THAT SMOKE AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS BE INSTALLED IN THE AREA WHERE THE HEATER IS TO BE INSTALLED.

If smoke detectors have been previously installed, you may notice that they are operating more frequently. This may be due to curing of stove paint or fumes caused by accidentally leaving the fire door open. Do not disconnect the detectors.

SAFETY NOTICE: If this stove is not properly installed, a house fire may result. For your safety, follow the installation instructions. Contact local building or fire officials about restrictions and installation inspection requirements in you area.

Please read this entire manual before you install and use your new room heater. Failure to follow instructions may result in property damage, bodily injury, or even death.

SUPER-SD1

Safety and Maintenance

1. Burn wood only, dry and well seasoned. The denser or heavier the wood when dry, the greater its heat value. This is why hardwoods are generally preferred. Green or wet wood will cause a rapid buildup of creosote. If you feel it is necessary to burn wet or unseasoned wood, do so only with the air inlet set open enough to maintain a good strong fire and fairly high chimney temperatures. Do not attempt to burn overnight using green wood or wet wood. Wet wood can cause up to 25% drop in heater output, as well as contributing significantly to creosote buildup.

WARNING: Never use chemicals or any other volatile liquid to start a fire. Do not burn garbage, or flammable fluids such as gasoline, naptha, or engine oil. We strongly recommend that smoke detectors be installed.

- 2. Remove ashes frequently. Embers can roll out the door and create a fire hazard. Maintain a 1"(25mm) minimum ash base.
- 3. If glass becomes darkened through slow burning or poor wood, it can readily be cleaned with fireplace glass cleaner when stove is cold. Never scrape with an object that might scratch the glass. The type and amount of deposit on the glass is a good indication of the flue pipe and chimney buildup. A light brown dusty deposit that is easily wiped off usually indicates good combustion and dry, well-seasoned wood and therefore relatively clean pipes and chimney. On the other hand, a black greasy deposit that is difficult to remove is a result of wet and green wood and too slow a burning rate. This heavy deposit is building up at least as quickly in the chimney.

WARNING: ONLY USE MATERIALS SUPPLIED BY MANUFACTURER WHEN DOING MAINTENANCE OR REPLACEMENTS.

- 4. DOOR GASKETS The gasket used by Pacific Energy (7/8"(22mm) medium density fiberglass rope) requires only light pressure to seal. This will prolong seal life. It is important that the door seal be maintained in good condition. Periodically inspect seals and replace if necessary. Follow instructions included in the DR31.WDGKIT kit obtainable from your nearest Pacific Energy dealer.
- 5. DOOR GLASS Do not slam loading door or otherwise impact glass. When closing door, make sure that no logs protrude to impact the glass. If the glass gets cracked or broken, it must be replaced before using the stove. Replacement glass can be obtained from your dealer. Use 8-13/16"(224mm) x 15-1/4"(387mm) x 5 mm. Ceramic glass only. Do not substitute with any other type.

To remove broken glass, undo the four retaining screws and remove clamps and frame, noting position for re-assembly. Remove all particles of glass. Be careful as they are very sharp. Install new glass complete with gasket. Replace frame, clamps and screws.

CAUTION:

- do not overtighten, tighten screws very carefully
- do not clean glass when hot
- do not use abrasive cleaners on glass
- 6. The area where boost combustion air enters the firebox must be kept clear of excessive ash buildup which will block air flow. This area is at the front of the firebox.
- Do not store wood within heater installation clearances, or within the space required for fuel loading and ash removal. Keep the area around the heater clean and free of loose combustibles, furniture, newspapers, etc.
- 8. If gold door requires cleaning, use mild soap and water only. Use of abrasive cleaners will void warranty.
- 9. Establish a routine for the fuel, woodburning and firing technique. Check daily for creosote buildup until experience shows how often you need to clean to be safe.
- 10. Be aware that the hotter the fire, the less creosote is deposited. Weekly cleaning may be necessary in mild weather, even though monthly cleaning is usually enough in the coldest months when burning rates are higher.
- 11. Instruct all members of your family on the safe operation of the heater. Ensure they have enough knowledge of the entire system if they are expected to operate it. Stress the section on chimney fires and the importance of following the steps outlined "In Case of Chimney Fire".

ts.com

Maintenance Checks

Check the following parts for damage such as cracks, excessive corrosion, burned out sections and excessive warping: (See website for descriptions and more detail)

Weekly:

- Firebrick Visual, for cracking.
- Door Gasket sagging, placement, damage.

Monthly

- Brick rail tabs and brick rails.
- Air riser tube in the back of the firebox.
- Back side of airwash chamber.
- Baffle locking pin.
- Boost tube cover.

When Cleaning the Chimney System:



- Baffle.
- Top heat shield and mounting bolt.
- Baffle Gasket.
- Brick Rails.
- Manifold.

Blower:

- The blower should be cleaned out a minimum every six months by using a vacumn on the grill openings in the back and bottom of the blower casing to remove any dust and debris.

Baffle:

- Some warping of the baffle is normal(up to 1/4" or .65cm).
- Replace if the baffle has permanent warping greater than this or has cracking or breakage.
- Please contact your Dealer if you experience any of the damage listed above. Continuing to operate your stove with broken parts may accelerate damage to other parts and may void your warranty

Chimney Smoke and Creosote Formation

When wood is burned slowly, it produces tar and other organic vapours, which combine with expelled moisture to form creosote. The creosote vapours condense in the relatively cool chimney flue of a slow burning fire. As a result, creosote residue accumulates on the flue lining. When ignited, this creosote makes an extremely hot fire. The chimney connector and chimney should be inspected periodically (at least once every two months) during the heating season to determine if a creosote buildup has occurred. If creosote has accumulated (3 mm. or more), it should be removed to reduce the risk of a chimney fire.

- 1. Highest smoke densities and emissions occur when a large amount of wood is added to a bed of hot coals and the air inlet is closed. The heated wood generates smoke, but without ample air, the smoke cannot burn. Smokefree, clean burning requires small fuel loads, two or three logs at a time or 1/4 to 1/2 of fuel load and leaving the air inlet relatively wide open, especially during the first 10 to 30 minutes after each loading, when most of the smoke generating reactions are occurring. After 30 minutes or so, the air inlet can be turned down substantially without excessive smoke generation. Wood coals create very little creosote-producing smoke.
- 2. The cooler the surface over which the wood smoke is passing, the more creosote will be condensed. Wet or green wood contributes significantly to creosote formation as the excess moisture that is boiled off cools the fire, making it difficult for the tars and gases to ignite, thus creating dense smoke and poor combustion. This moisture-laden smoke cools the chimney, compounding the problem by offering the smoke the ideal place to condense. In summary, a certain amount of creosote is inevitable and must be lived with. Regular inspection and cleaning is the solution. The use of dry, seasoned wood and ample combustion air will help to minimize annoying smoke emissions and creosote buildup.

Chimney Fires

The result of excessive creosote buildup is a chimney fire. Chimney fires are dangerous. Chimney inside temperatures can exceed 2000°F(1100°C). This causes much higher than normal temperatures in the chimney and on its exterior surfaces. Thus ignition of nearby or touching combustible material is more likely during a chimney fire. Proper clearances are critical during such a fire.

Chimney fires are easy to detect; they usually involve one or more of the following:

- -Flames and sparks shooting out of the top of the chimney
- -A roaring sound
- -Vibration of the chimney

In Case of a Chimney Fire

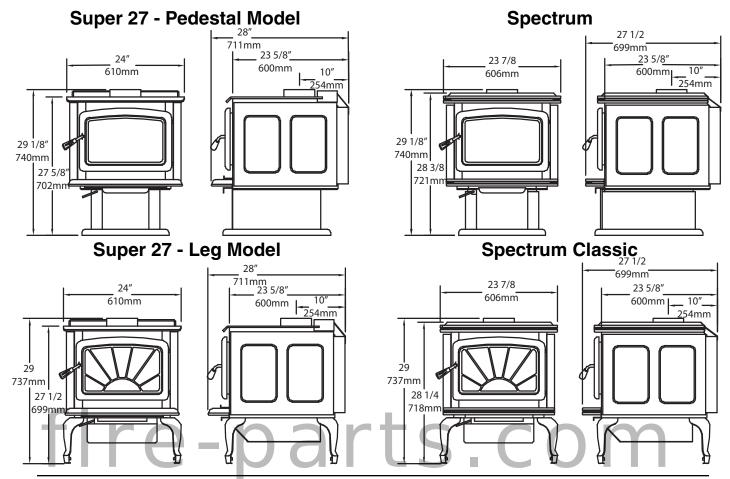
- 1. Prepare to evacuate to ensure everyone's safety. Have a well understood plan of action for evacuation. Have a place outside where everyone is to meet.
- 2. Close air inlet on stove.
- Call local fire department. Have a fire extinguisher handy. Contact your local municipal or provincial fire authority for further information on how to handle a chimney fire. It is most important that you have a clearly understood plan on how to handle a chimney fire.
- After the chimney fire is out, the chimney must be cleaned and checked for stress and cracks before starting another fire. Also check combustibles around the chimney and the roof.
- The services of a competent or certified installer, (certified by the Wood Energy Technical Training program (WETT) in Canada, Hearth Education Foundation (HEARTH) in U.S.A.,) are strongly recommended.

Avoiding a Chimney Fire

There are two ways to avoid chimney fires:

- Do not let creosote build up to a point where a big chimney fire is possible.
- 2. Do not have fires in the heater that may ignite chimney fires. These are hot fires, such as when burning household trash, cardboard, Christmas tree limbs, or even ordinary fuel wood; (e.g.. with a full load on a hot bed of coals and with the air inlet excessively open.)





Assembly

Super 27 only -

Crate Removal

- Carefully remove wood top and supports.
- Remove plastic cover.
- 3) Using a 7/16" wrench, remove lag bolts that secure stove body to bottom pallet.
- Place stove body carefully on its back.
- Using two 3/4" wrench, remove 1" x 1/2" bolts and save for later use.
- Remove pallet retaining brackets from stove bottom.

Optional Ash Cleanout System -(Install first)

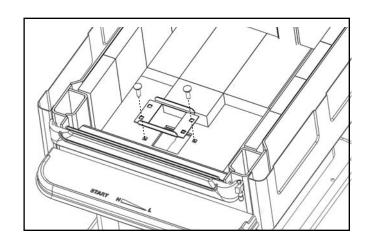
- 1) With stove body laying on its back, remove the ash system hole cover and gasket located under the stove. Discard cover plate and gasket.
- Inside the stove, remove the two bolts for the ash dump from the firebox bottom and insert into the brick retainer with the flanges on the the brick retainer pointed away from the threads on the bolts.
- Replace bolts with brick retainer in the firebox bottom.
- Place new gasket provided over existing bolts.
- Install ash dump system over gasket and secure with two nuts previously removed.

Pedestal Kit

- 1) With the unit on its back and the removable cover facing up, align the pedestal mounting holes with the holes on the stove.\
- Secure in place with 1" x 1/2" bolts previously removed.
- Carefully place the unit in the upright position.

Leg Kit

- 1) With the unit on its back, align the ash drawer enclosure mounting holes (removable cover facing up) with the holes on the stove.
- Position the legs over top of the same holes on the stove. Secure in place with 1" x 1/2" bolts previously removed.
- Carefully place the unit in the upright position.



Mobile Home Installation

Warning: Under no circumstances is this heater to be installed in a makeshift or "temporary" manner. It may be fired only after the following conditions have been met.

- DO NOT CONNECT THIS UNIT TO A CHIMNEY FLUE SERVING ANOTHER APPLIANCE.
- DO NOT INSTALL IN A SLEEPING ROOM.
- Outside air supply must be used for Mobile Home installations see Figure #2, Page 8.
- The services of a competent or certified installer, (certified by the Wood Energy Technical Training program (WETT) in Canada, Hearth Education Foundation (HEARTH) in U.S.A.,) are strongly recommended.

Clearances

This heater must be installed with listed double-wall connector and compatible chimney system listed on page 7.

Clearances to combustible surfaces and materials are shown below in Figure #1 and Figure #1.

Clearances may be reduced with various heat insulating materials. Consult local fire codes and authorities for approval. **NOTE:** Longer chimney lengths and different pitch flashings may be used. All other parts listed must be installed (see Figure #2, Page 8). Install all components to the connector or chimney manufacturer's installation requirements. Consult your chimney supplier for installation advice.

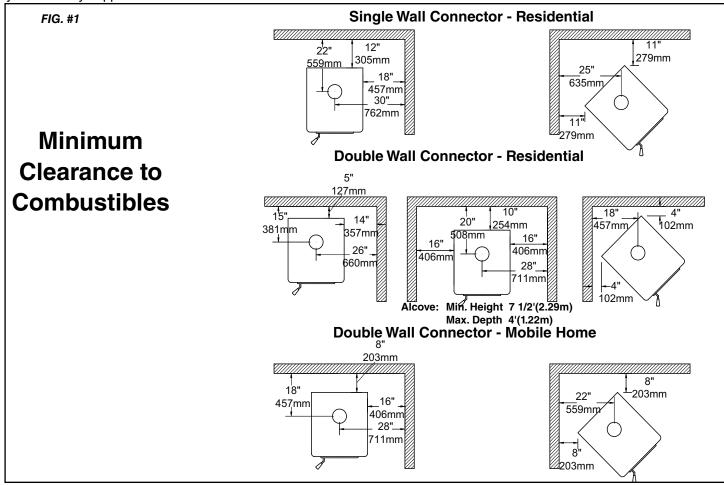
Procedure:

CAUTION: THE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF THE MOBILE HOME FLOOR, WALL AND CEILING/ROOF MUST BE MAINTAINED.

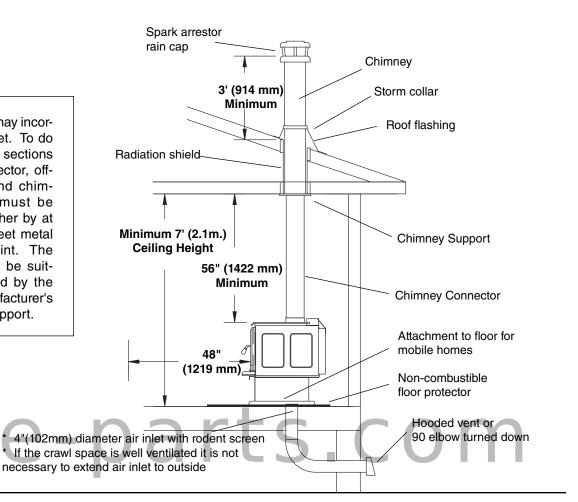
Note: See "Combustion Air" section on page 10.

- 1. Position stove and floor protection with hole for combustion air in accordance with the clearances as stated on the label and in Figure #1.
- 2. Mark the position for the hole in the ceiling and roof by using a string and plumb-bob.
- 3. Check that the intended location will not interfere with floor joists, ceiling joists or rafters before proceeding further.
- Cut a hole in the ceiling and roof to suit the chimney system and frame in the sides. The chimney support is mounted to the framing.
- 5. Assemble chimney sections so the finished length is resting on the support and protruding through the roof. Avoid having joints between ceiling and roof. Install radiation shield. Assemble flashing and storm collar and be sure to maintain the vapour barrier at this point. (Seal securely.) Attach rain cap and check flashing for leaks.
- 6. Install connector as per manufacturer's instructions.
- Attach stove to flooring using two 1/4" x 2" or longer lag screws.

ts.com



The chimney may incorporate an offset. To do this safely, all sections of listed connector, offset elbows and chimney section must be screwed together by at least three sheet metal screws per joint. The chimney must be suitably supported by the chimney manufacturer's listed offset support.



Residential Installation

Warning: Under no circumstances is this heater to be installed in a makeshift or "temporary" manner. It may be fired only after the following conditions have been met.

- * DO NOT ATTEMPT TO CONNECT THIS HEATER TO ANY AIR DISTRIBUTION DUCT.
- * The services of competent installer are strongly recommended.
- Outside combustion air or fresh air into the room may be required in your area, consult local building codes (see Combustion Air section).
- The services of a competent or certified installer, (certified by the Wood Energy Technical Training program (WETT) in Canada, Hearth Education Foundation (HEARTH) in U.S.A.,) are strongly recommended.

BOTH CHIMNEY SYSTEM AND CONNECTOR MUST BE LISTED TO: IN CANADA - ULC S-641 LISTED CONNECTOR AND ULC-S-629 LISTED CHIMNEY, IN USA - UL-103 HT LISTED CONNECTOR AND CHIMNEY

Clearances

- This heater may be installed using a single-wall connector (smoke pipe) or listed double-wall connector (see Mobile Home installation).
- Clearances to combustible surfaces and materials using single-wall connector are shown in Figure #1, page 6.
 Clearances may be reduced with various heat insulating materials. Consult local fire codes and authorities for approval.
- 3. Alternately, for close clearances, use a listed double-wall connector. See Diagram #1, page 6.

Chimney and Connector

Connect to a listed chimney or a chimney suitable for use with solid fuel that is lined and in good condition and meets local building codes. The chimney flue size should be the same as the stove outlet for optimal performance. Reducing or increasing the flue size may adversely affect stove performance. Chimney flue exit is to be 3 feet (1 m.) above roof and two feet (0.6 m.) above highest projection within 10 feet (3 m.). The installation must meet all local codes. Do not connect this unit to a chimney flue serving another appliance. Minimum system height is 15 feet (4.6 m.) (measured from base of appliance).

Double-Wall Connector

- Use a listed double-wall connector.
- Install all components to the chimney connector manufacturer's installation requirements.

Single-Wall Connector

Smoke pipe must be:

- as short and straight as possible, use six inch diameter,
 24 gauge black pipe that is clean and in new condition.
- * secured at every joint and collar with 3 sheet metal screws.
- * installed with the crimped or male ends pointing down. This will carry any liquid creosote or condensation back into the stove.
- * The chimney connector shall not pass through an attic, roof space, closet or similar concealed space, floor, or ceiling. Where passage through a wall, or partition of combustible material is desired, the installation shall conform to CAN/ CSA-B365, Installation Code for Solid-Fuel-Burning Appliances and Equipment.

Procedure

- If a listed chimney and double-wall connector is to be connected to the stove, install all components to the chimney manufacturer's installation requirements. (Outside combustion air may be required, consult local building codes. See Combustion Air section.)
- If it is desirable to use smoke pipe in conjunction with the insulated chimney, see step 4.
- 3. If a roof or ceiling support is used in the installation, you will find the chimney manufacturer's complete instructions packed with the roof support.
- 4. To start installing smoke pipe (chimney connector), slip crimped edge of the pipe inside the stove collar. Use holes provided in collar to secure pipe with two screws.
- 5. Install the remaining lengths of pipe one on top of the other to the finished height of the chimney connector and secure to each other.

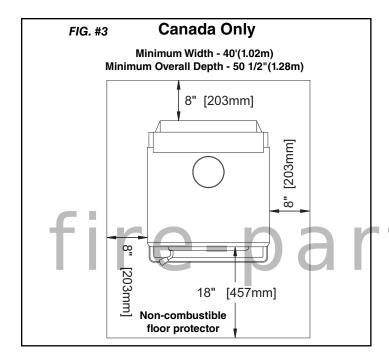
050515-24 PACIFIC SUPER-SD1 9

Floor Protector

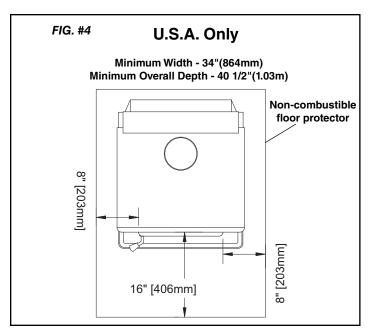
The stove may be installed on a combustible floor provided noncombustible ember protection is used.

This protection must extend as follows:

In Canada: 18" (457 mm) on the firing side and 8" (203 mm) to the other sides. See Figure #3, below.



In USA: 16" (406 mm) to the front and 8" (203 mm) to the sides of the fuel loading door opening. See Figure #4, below. This protection is also required under the chimney connector and 2" (51 mm) beyond each side.



Combustion Air

Intake or combustion air can be supplied to the stove in one of two ways. Consult your local building code or CAN/CSA-B365, Installation Code for Solid-Fuel-Burning Appliances and Equipment before proceeding.

 Outside air supply - (Necessary for mobile home installation, optional for residential installation.) Outside air may be drawn from either underneath the stove or from behind.

To draw outside air through the floor, leave the 4"(100mm) knockout or cover plate in place in the rear of the pedestal or leg kit ash box enclosure.

Pedestal Model: Cut or drill a 4" (100mm) diameter hole in the floor anywhere inside the perimeter of the pedestal. Cover the hole with a 4" x 4" (100 mm x 100 mm) rodent screen and staple/nail in place.

Leg Model: Cut or drill a 4"(100mm) diameter hole directly below the bottom hole of the ash box enclosure. Connect enclosure to the floor with a short 4"(100mm) diameter pipe. If you wish to connect the outside air to the rear hole on the ash box, then remove the 4"(100mm) knockout or cover plate at the rear of the ash box.

This hole must get its air from a **ventilated** crawl space or be extended with duct to the outdoors (see Figure #3, Page 7). The use of outside combustion air for residential installation requires the unit to be secured to the structure to prevent dislodging of the air duct.

To draw outside air from behind the stove, an outside air adaptor may be required (see Optional Blower section). Cut or drill a 4"(100mm) hole through a wall behind the unit. Use an appropriate household 4"(100mm) inlet. You must remove the rear cover plate from the pedestal or move the cover plate at the rear of the leg kit ash box enclosure to cover the bottom hole.

Note: This unit is not designed to be operated with the firing door open. In addition to the obvious hazard of sparks landing on combustibles, an open fire door will cause the heater to draw air from the living space and possibly cause suffocation.

Room air supply - Remove the cover plate from the rear
of the pedestal or leg kit ash box enclosure. The stove
will now draw its air from the room through this opening
and into the firebox intake.

Note: The living space around the heater must be well ventilated with good air circulation. Anything that may cause a negative pressure can cause gases or fumes to be pulled into the living area. During extremely cold weather, and especially when burning at very slow rates, the upper parts of the exposed chimney may ice up, partially blocking the flue gases. If blockage occurs, flue gases may enter living space.

Operation

CAUTION: Never use gasoline, gasoline type lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid or similar liquids to start or "freshen up" a fire in this heater. Keep all such liquids well away from the heater while it is in use.

CAUTION: Hot while in operation. Keep children, clothing and furniture away. Contact may cause skin burns.

Over Firing

Your PACIFIC ENERGY heater is designed for many years of trouble free operation. Over firing the appliance will shorten the life of the product. Failure to recitify an over firing condition can be hazardous and may void the manufacturer's warranty.

Wood Selection

This heater is designed to burn natural wood only. Higher efficiency and lower emissions generally result when burning air-dried seasoned hardwoods, as compared to softwoods or to green or freshly cut hardwoods.

Wood should be properly air dried (seasoned) for six months or more. Wet or undried wood will cause the fire to smoulder and produce large amounts of creosote. Wet wood also produces very little heat and tends to go out often.

DO NOT BURN:

- -Salt water wood *
- Wet or green wood
- -Garbage*
- -Lawn clippings/yard waste

-Treated wood

-Coal/charcoal

-Unseasonedwood

Solvents

- -Railroad ties -Manure or animal remains
- -Materials containing rubber, including tires
- -Materials containing plastic
- -Waste petroleum products, paints or paint thinners, or asphalt products
- -Materials containing asbestos
- -Construction or demolition debris
- -Paper products, cardboard, plywood, or particleboard.
- * These materials contain chlorides which will rapidly destroy metal surfaces and void warranty.

Burning these materials may result in the release of toxic fumes or render the heater ineffective and cause smoke.

The prohibition against burning these materials does not prohibit the use of fire starters made from paper, cardboard, saw dust, wax and similar substances for the purpose of starting a fire in an affected wood heater.

Do not burn anything but wood. Other fuels, eg. charcoal, can produce large amounts of carbon monoxide, a tasteless, odourless gas that can kill. Under no circumstances should you attempt to barbecue in this heater.

How to Test Your Wood

Add a large piece of wood to the stove when it has a good large bed of coals. It is dry if it is burning on more than one side within one minute. It is damp if it turns black and lights within three minutes. If it sizzles, hisses and blackens without igniting in five minutes it is soaked and should not be burnt

Lighting a Fire

WARNING: Never use chemicals or any other volatile liquid to start a fire.

- 1. Adjust air control to "High" position(all the way to the left) and open door.
- 2. Place crumpled newspaper in the centre of the heater and criss-cross with several pieces of dry kindling. Add a few small pieces of dry wood on top.
- 3. Ignite the paper and leave the door ajar approimately 1/2"(13mm) - 1"(25mm) until the wood kindling is fully engulfed in flame.
- 4. After the kindling is fully engulfed add a few small logs. Close door.
- 5. Begin normal operation after a good coal base exists and wood has charred.

Curing of the Paint Finish

When burning your stove for the first 2-3 times it is very important that the room be well ventilated. Open all windows and doors. Smoke and fumes caused by the curing process may cause discomfort to some individuals.

Normal Operation

WARNING: This wood heater has a manufacturer-set minimum low burn rate that must not be altered. It is against federal regulations to alter this setting or otherwise operate this wood heater in a manner inconsistent with the operating instructions in this manual.

- 1. Set air control to a desired setting. If smoke pours down across the glass (waterfall effect) this indicates you have shut the control down too soon or you are using too low a setting. The wide range control panel makes finding the desired setting for your application easy. As every home's heating needs vary (ie. insulation, windows, climate, etc.) the proper setting can only be found by trial and error and should be noted for future burns.
- 2. To refuel, adjust air control to high, and give the fire time to brighten. Open the door slowly, this will prevent backpuffing.
- 3. Use wood of different shape, diameter and length (up to 18"(457mm)). Load your wood endwise and try to place the logs so that the air can flow between them. Always use dry wood.
- 4. Do not load fuel to a height or in such a manner that would be hazardous when opening the door.
- 5. For extended or overnight burns, unsplit logs are preferred. Remember to char the wood completely on maximum setting before adjusting air control for overnight burn.

WARNING: Always keep loading door closed when burning. This heater is not designed for open door burning.

WARNING: No alteration or modification of the combustion air control assembly is permitted. Any tampering will void warranty and could be very hazardous.

WARNING: Do not use grates or andirons to elevate the fuel. Burn directly on the fire bricks. Replace broken or missing bricks. Failure to do so may create a hazardous condition.

Restarting After Extended or Overnight Burns

- Open door and rake hot embers towards the front of the heater. Add a couple of dry, split logs on top of embers, close door.
- 2. Adjust air control to high and in just a few minutes, logs should begin burning.
- 3. After wood has charred, reset air control to desired setting.
- To achieve maximum firing rate, set control to high "H".
 Do not use this setting other than for starting or preheating fresh fuel loads.

DO NOT OVERFIRE THIS HEATER: Attempts to achieve heat output rates that exceed heater design specifications can result in permanent damage to the heater and chimney.

Heat Output Calculation

Seasoned wood has approximately 7500 BTU's per pound.

The calculation is as follows:

Amount of wood in lbs. X 7500BTU's

Burn rate in Hrs.

X .8(80% Avg. Efficiency)

Experience will give you the right settings for proper combustion and efficient burning. Remember the correct air inlet setting is affected by variables such as type of wood, outside temperature, chimney size and weather conditions. With practice, you will become proficient in operating your heater and will obtain the performance for which it was designed.

Proper Draft

- Draft is the force which moves air from the appliance up through the chimney. The amount of draft in your chimney depends on the length of the chimney, local geography, nearby obstructions and other factors.
- 2. Too much draft may cause excessive temperatures in the appliance. An uncontrollable burn or a glowing red stove part or chimney indicates excessive draft.
- Inadequate draft may cause backpuffing into the room and plugging of the chimney. Smoke leaking into the room through appliance and chimney connector joints indicates inadequate draft.

Ash Removal

Caution: Ashes are to be removed only when the heater is cold. Whenever ashes get 3"(76mm) to 4"(102mm) deep in your firebox, and when fire has burned down and cooled, remove excess ashes. Leave an ash bed approximately 1" (25 mm) deep on the firebox bottom to help maintain a hot charcoal bed. **Optional Ash Cleanout system:** The ash dump handle is located under the ash lip on the left hand side. To operate ash dump, pull handle out 1/2"(13mm) and turn clockwise. This will unlock the ash dump and allow it to open. Hold handle open while pulling ashes into the opening. Avoid large embers as these still contain heat value. Release handle and push in to lock. Ensure ash dump door is properly engaged. Fill the cavity with the remaining ash level with the firebox floor. Lift and pull out ashpan and discard ashes into metal container. Replace ashpan and ensure it is seated properly.

Do not burn with ash dump door open. Doing so will create a hazardous condition. Always leave about 1"(25mm) of ash when cleaning.

Disposal of Ashes

Ashes should be placed in a metal container with a tight fitting lid. The closed container of ashes should be placed on a non-combustible floor or on the ground, well away from all combustible materials, pending final disposal. If the ashes are disposed of by burial in soil or otherwise locally dispersed, they should be retained in closed container until all cinders have thoroughly cooled. Other waste should not be placed in this container.

Baffle Removal

Chimney connector pipe should be disconnected from stove to clean and inspect. Only if this is not possible should you remove baffle assembly.

DO NOT OPERATE WITH BAFFLE ASSEMBLY OR INSULATION REMOVED.

Removal

Remove retaining pin at the back top of the firebox, just under the baffle. Lift baffle up and pull forward to disconnect from the supply tube. Tilt baffle sideways to drop down and remove from firebox. Inspect gasket between baffle and supply tube. If necessary, replace with gasket #139.5 available from your Pacific Energy dealer. Re-install baffle assembly in reverse order. The two side pieces of insulation must be tight against the siderails.



Optional Blower

The optional blower kit (kit #WODC.BLOW) is equipped with a three prong power cord and may be installed at any time. Follow installation instructions supplied with the kit. Route power supply cord away from heater.

Electrical rating: 115 volts A.C.-1.02 amps.

Fan output rating: 125 CFM

Blower Operation

Proper blower speed matched with air control setting will ensure peak performance from your stove. Operate as follows:

- Air control set to "L" (low), operate blower speed control on "Low".
- Air control set between "L" and "H" (low and high), operate blower speed control at desired setting.

Automatic: To operate the blower automatically, set the rocker switch on the side of the fan housing to "Auto" and set the speed control to desired setting. This will allow the fan to turn on as the stove heats up to operating temperature. It will also shut the blower off after the fire has gone out and the unit cooled to below a useful heat output range.

Manual: To manually operate the blower, set the rocker switch to "Man" and set the speed control to desired setting. This will bypass the sensing device and allow full control of the blower. Switching from "Auto" to "Man" or selecting speed may be done anytime.

Optional Outside Air Adaptor

The adaptor is only required if the blower kit is to be installed and outside combustion air to be ducted to rear of pedestal.

Installation:

Remove blower kit if already installed. Place adaptor with the 4"(100mm) round hole facing up and opposite end covering the room air knockout hole on the back of the pedestal. Mark attachment holes on pedestal base and drill with 1/8" bit. Attach with #8 x 1/2" screws and reinstall fan. Combustion air duct from outside can now be attached to the 4"(100mm) round collar.

050515-24 PACIFIC SUPER-SD1 13

Appendix A

Troubleshooting

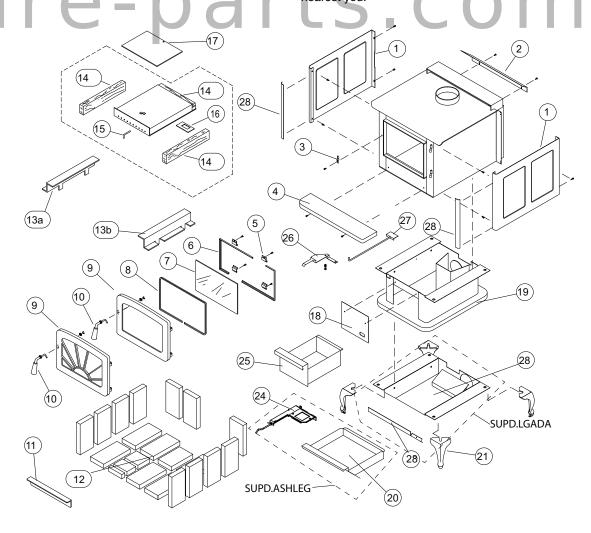
Problem	Cause	Cure
Glass is Dirty	1. Wood is wet	- Use dry wood
	2. Turning down air control or damper too soon	Do not turn down untila) there is a good bed of coalsb) the wood is charred
	3. Draft too low	Improper chimney height and / or diameterChimney plugged or restricted, check flueProvide outside air for combustion
	4. Door gasket leakage	- Replace gasket - Check latch
Excessive Creosote Buildup Low Heat Output	1. Wood is wet 2. Fire too small 3. Draft too low	- Use dry wood - Build a larger fire - Chimney plugged or restricted, inspect and clean
Won't Burn Overnight	 Air control is set too high Not enough wood Draft too high 	 Set control lower Unsplit wood is preferred for overnight burns Excessive chimney height and/or diameter, see page 11
Stove Won't Burn	1. Combustion air supply blocked	- Check outside air supply for obstruction - Check that room air cover is removed
	2.Draft too low	 Chimney plugged or restricted, inspect and clean Chimney oversized or otherwise unsuitable, consult Dealer

Replacement Parts - Super 27 (WHEN ORDERING, INCLUDE PART NUMBER WITH DESCRIPTION)

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
1	Side Shield, Left or Right	SUPD.4302
	Rear Deflector	
3	Door Catch	WODC.1461
4	Ash Lip (c/w Trim & Hardware).	.ALIP.5037473MB
5	Glass Clamps (4 pc.)	SSER.1425
6	Glass Bar Set (2 pc.)	WODC.41405
7	Replacement Glass (c/w Tape)	DR31.WGLKIT
8	Door Gasket Kit	DR31.WDGKIT
	Door Casting, Arched Black	
	Door Casting, Radiant Black	
	Door Casting, Arched Gold	
	Door Casting, Radiant Gold	
	Door Casting, Arched Nickel	
	Door Casting, Radiant Nickel	
	Door Handle Assembly	
	Boost Manifold	
	Firebrick Set	
	Brick Rail, Left/Right	
14	Replacement Baffle Kit	SSER.DBAKIT
	Baffle Pin	
16	Baffle Gasket	SSER.1395
	Flame Shield (c/w Bolt and Nut	
	Pedestal Front Cover	
19	Pedestal Assembly	

IEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
20	Ash System (Leg Model)	SUPD.ASHLEG
21	Leg, Black	CAST.LEGST
	Leg, Gold Plated	CAST.LEGGLD
	Leg, Nickel Plated	CAST.LEGNI
24	Ash Dump Assembly	WODC.2261
25	Ash Box (Pedestal Model)	WODC.4316
26	Air Shutter Assembly	WODC.4531
27	Baffle Air Control Assembly	SSER.214
28	Leg Adapter	SUPD.LGADA

All parts may be ordered from your nearest Pacific Energy dealer. Contact Pacific Energy for the location of the dealer nearest you.



Replacement Parts - Spectrum and Spectrum Classic (WHEN ORDERING, INCLUDE PART NUMBER WITH DESCRIPTION)

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
1	Side Shield, Left or Right	SPED.4403B
2	Rear Deflector	SPEC.4418
3	Top Panel (Porcelain Finish)	SPED.401A
	Screen Trivet, Classic Gold	
	Screen Trivet, Classic Nickel	CLAD.CTNIA
	Screen Trivet, Black	CLAD.CTBKA
	Door Catch	
	Ash Lip	
7	Glass Clamps (4 pc.)	SSER.1425
	Glass Bar Set (2 pc.)	
9	Replacement Glass (c/w Tape)	DR31.WGLKIT
	Door Gasket Kit	
	Door Casting, Arched Black	
	Door Casting, Radiant Black	CAST.31RSST
	Door Casting, Arched Gold	
	Door Casting, Radiant Gold	
	Door Casting, Arched Nickel	
	Door Casting, Radiant Nickel	
	Door Handle Assembly	
	Boost Manifold	
	Firebrick Set	
	Brick Rail, Left/Right	
16	Replacement Baffle Kit	SSER.DBAKIT
	.Baffle Pin	
	.Baffle Gasket	
19	.Flame Shield (c/w Bolt and Nut)	SSER.4115

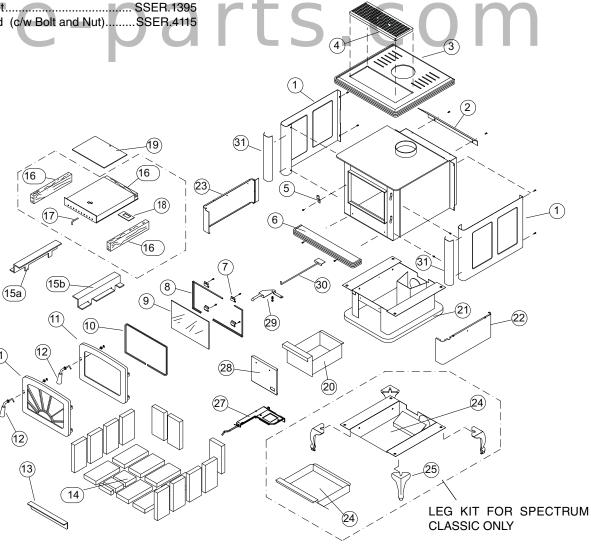
16

ЕM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
20	Ash Box (Spectrum)	WODC.4316
21	Pedestal Assembly	SUPD.PED
22	Pedestal Cladding (Hinge Side).	SPEC.402
23	Pedestal Cladding (Latch Side)	SPEC.403
24	Ash Drawer Enclosure (Classic).	.SUPD.ASHLEG
25	Leg, Gold Plated	CAST.LEGGLD
	Leg, Nickel Plated	CAST.LEGST
	Leg, Black	CAST.LEGNI
27	Ash Dump Assembly	WODC.2261
28	Ash Box Cladding (Por. Finish)	SPED.4406
	Air Shutter Assembly	
30	Baffle Air Control	SSER.214

All parts may be ordered from your nearest Pacific Energy dealer. Contact Pacific Energy for the location of the dealer nearest you.

When ordering porcelain finish parts, please specify the appropriate code as follows:

BlackBK	Black Pearl	.BP
lvoryIY	Coffee Brown	СВ
BlueBE	Copper	CU
RedRD	Titanium	ΤI



Understanding & Operating Your Pacific Energy Stove

The Pacific Energy SUPER SERIES line of woodstoves is a culmination of years of research and development. Designed to be efficient, clean-burning and user-friendly, this heater will give you years of warm service. However, a knowledgeable operator is still the most important factor for maximum performance and part of this is understanding the basic functions of this design.

Traditional wood stoves had a basic combustion system which allowed a considerable amount of heat energy to escape up the chimney as unburned gases and particulates (smoke). Pacific Energy has designed a system that solves the problem by burning the smoke and releasing the additional heat to the room.

This system has two critical design features:

1. Above fire secondary air injection:

The hollow "air baffle" injects super-heated secondary air just above the load. With the stove at the proper operating temperature, this will create a secondary flame that will be evident for approximately 1/3 of the total burn time.

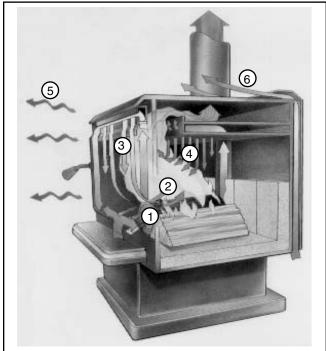
2. High mass and thermal insulation:

The high mass (weight) acts as a heat storage and the thermal insulation keeps the combustion zone hot. Active flaming takes place during the first part of the burn. During this stage, heat is stored in the mass of the unit and is later released slowly and evenly. As wood chars, active flaming will diminish. This clean charcoal burning stage will last for a considerable length of time and refuelling should be avoided until the charcoal base has become guite small.

OPERATING TIPS

- 1. Always use dry, seasoned firewood, up to 18"*457mm) long. Load wood endwise, a mixture of large and small pieces, on top of a good ash base (1"(25mm) minimum).
- 2. Operate on a medium to high setting, for up to 1 hour from cold start. After the initial warm up period, refuel and leave the air control on a medium setting for 5 to 10 minutes more and then set the air control to the desired position.
- 3. If a slow burn is desired, set the air control to low. Active secondary burning should be present above the wood load. If it is not present or goes out shortly after, proper operating temperature has not been reached and the stove needs additional warm up time.

ts.com



- 1 -Boost Air
- 2 -Main Combustion Air
- -Air Wash System
- -Secondary Combustion Zone
- 5 -Radiant Heat
- 6 -Convected Heat

050515-24 PACIFIC SUPER-SD1 17



Super 27 and Pacific Summit Pedestal or Legs Installation Instructions

Required: Pedestal Kit

- 1 Pedestal base
- 1 Front cover (attached)

Leg Adapter

- 1 Ash drawer enclosure
- 1 Front cover (attached)
- 4 1/2" washers

with

Leg Set

4 Legs

NOTE: Optional ash dump kit should be installed prior to pedestal or leg kit assembly.

Required tools: 1 - Claw hammer, 1 - 3/4" wrench, and 1- 7/16" wrench

Crate Removal

- 1) Carefully remove wood top and supports.
- 2) Remove plastic cover.
- 3) Using a 7/16" wrench, remove lag bolts that secure stove body to bottom pallet.
- 4) Place stove body carefully on its back.
- 5) Using a 3/4" wrench, remove 1" x 1/2" bolts and save for later use.
- 6) Remove pallet retaining brackets from stove bottom.

Pedestal Kit

- 1) With the unit on its back and the removable cover facing up, align the pedestal mounting holes with the holes on the stove.
- 2) Secure in place with 1" x 1/2" bolts previously removed.
- 3) Carefully place the unit in the upright position.

Leg Adapter and Leg Kit

- With the unit on its back, align the ash drawer enclosure mounting holes (removable cover facing up) with the holes on the stove.
- 2) Position the legs over top of the same holes on the stove.
- 3) Secure in place with 1" x 1/2" bolts previously removed.
- 4) Carefully place the unit in the upright position.



Firebrick Installation Instructions/ Instructions d'Installation de Briques Réfractaires

Super 27, Spectrum, Spectrum Classic, and Fusion

This package contains 18 full-size firebricks, as well as 3 various cut-size bricks.

If your heater came with an ash cleanout system, or an optional one is being installed, discard the extra full brick.

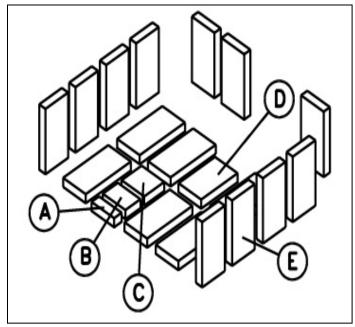
With the heater in the upright position, install firebricks as follows:

- Place firebricks on the bottom of the heater first. Total of 6 full-size then either "A, B & C" as shown below, if you are installing the optional ash cleanout system or 1 full brick in place of "A & B" if you are not installing the ash cleanout system.
- Next, install the side firebricks, 4 full-size each side.
- Lastly, install 3 full-size firebricks against the rear wall.

Cet emballage contient 17 briques réfractaires, à pleine grandeur, ainsi que 4 briques coupées de différentes grandeurs. Si votre poêle a déjà un système de vidange des cendres ou l'un de ceux-ci est installé en option, n'utilisez pas la brique "B".

Avec le poêle en position debout, installez les briques comme suit:

- Briques réfractaires d'endroit sur le fond de l'appareil de chauffage d'abord. Le Total de 6 pleine grandeur alors «A, B et C» comme indiqué ci-dessous, si vous installez la cendre facultative cleanout le système ou 1 brique pleine en place «d'A et B» si vous n'installez pas la cendre cleanout le système.
- Ensuite, installez les briques de coté, 4 briques pleines de chaque coté.
- Finalement, installez 3 briques pleines contre le mur arrière.



ITEM/ ARTICLE DIMENSIONS PART NUMBER/ NUMÉRO DE PIÈCE

Α	1 1/2" X 4 1/2" X 1 1/4"	(39 mm x 115 mm x 32 mm)	248.0
В	3" X 4 1/2" X 1 1/4"	(77 mm x 115 mm x 32 mm)	247.0
С	4" X 4 1/2" X 1 1/4"	(102 mm x 115 mm x 32 mm)	246.0
D	7 1/4" X 4 1/2" X 1 1/4"	(184 mm x 115 mm x 32 mm)	245.0
Е	9" X 4 1/2" X 1 1/4"	(230 mm x 115 mm x 32 mm)	5096.99

Warranty Information

Pacific Energy Limited Lifetime Warranty Wood Products

Pacific Energy extends the following warranty coverage to the original registered purchaser of the product:

LTD Lifetime Coverage (10 years)

Limited lifetime coverage is extended to the following components (parts only) porcelain finish, glass (glass for thermal breakage only, not impact), plating, firebox and baffle.

3 Year Comprehensive

Pacific Energy will replace or repair any part found to be defective (parts and labor) for three years from the date of purchase.

This coverage includes electrical components (blowers, speed controls and thermal switches).

Conditions:

Your stove has been designed to perform in the harshest climates in North America. You can be confident that under normal use your stove will be trouble free for many years. If your stove is prematurely deteriorating this is a significant indicator of improper usage, for example; excessive draft, heating to large an area, contaminated fuel - such as high sodium content or plastics and chemicals. Please be aware, these conditions may be reasons to void your warranty.

For wood products - All installations must be installed according to all applicable local and national codes. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure the unit is operating correctly at installation.

Any part that shows in our judgment evidence of defect shall be repaired, replaced or refunded at Pacific Energy's option. The defective part may be required to be returned to Pacific Energy or an accredited agent, transportation prepaid.

Porcelain is warranted for gloss retention. Certain colors may darken when heated and return to the original shade when cool.

Glass is warranted against thermal breakage.

Plating is warranted against tarnishing. Gold plating may attain a deeper color with use.

Exclusions

Limited Lifetime coverage - Lifetime coverage is limited to the repair, replacement or refund of the indicated parts only. Labor charges are not covered under the lifetime warranty.

The following items are not included in the Lifetime Warranty: firebox rails and heat shields.

The following parts are not warranted: firebrick, gaskets and ceramic fiber blankets.

This warranty does not apply to any part that shows evidence of misuse, abuse, improper installation, accident, lack of maintenance, or modification.

Pacific Energy shall in no event be liable for any special, indirect or consequential damages of any nature whatsoever which are in excess of the original purchase price of the product.

Pacific Energy is not responsible for installation, operational or environmental conditions beyond our control. (The company may, at its discretion, discharge all obligations by refunding the wholesale price of the defective part.)

For Warranty claims, please contact your nearest Pacific Energy dealer.

fire-parts.com

fire-parts.com

Label

INSPECTION IN YOUR AREA.

NO NOT CONNECT THIS UNIT TO A CHIMNEY FLUE SERVING ANOTHER APPLIANCE (USA. ONLY).

USE 6 INCH / 1 50MM DAMETER MINISHUM 24 MSG BLACK OR LISTED CONNECTOR.

CAN BE CONNECTED TO A LINED MASONRY CHIMNEY SUITABLE FOR USE WITH SOLID FUELS.

DO NOT DOSSTRUCT THE SPACE BENEATH THE HEATER.

SEE LOCAL BUILDING CODE AND MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRECAUTIONS REQUIRED WHEN PASSING A CHIMNEY TONNECTOR THROUGH A COMBUSTIBLE WALL OR GEILING.

MINIMIM CLEAFANCE BETWEEN SINGLE WALL CHIMNEY CONNECTOR AND COMBUSTIBLE MALL OR REPORTED TO A CONNECTOR MORE THE USE OF LISTED DEEP SHIELDS, WALL ALS-ISING CHIMNEY FOR MASONED BY LOCAL BUILDING OR FIRE OFFICIALS.

COMPONENTS REQUIRED FOR MOBILE HOME AND ALCOVE INSTALLATION: OUTSIDE AIR KIT.

BOTH CHIMNEY SYSTEM AND CONNECTOR MUST BE LISTED TO:

IN CANADA - UIC 544AL ILSTED CONNECTOR AND LIC-5429 LISTED CHIMNEY

USE COMPONENTS SPECIFIED IN PACIFIC ENERGY INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

APPLIANCE MUST BE BUSTALLED WITH PEDESTAL OR LEG KIT ATTACHED.

ON OTTORAL COMPONENTS -FAN KIT, FAN BLECTRICAL RATINGS: 15V, 60HZ, 1.0 AMP.

OO NOT ON THE POWER CORD BENEATH HEATER.

OLITION, RISK OF EXCESSIVE TEMPERATURES - KEEP ASH DUMP CLOSED DURING FIRING OF THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY CERTIFIED TO COMPLY WITH JULY, 1990, PARTICULATE EMISSION STANDARDS// CERTIFIE'S PAR L'AGENCE DE PROTECTION DE L'ENVIRONNEMENT DES ÉTATS-UNIS (EPA) EN ACCORD AVEC LES STANDARDS D'ÉMISSION DE À LA PEAU. CONSULTEZ LA PLAQUE CE CONSTRUCTEUR ET LES INSTRUCTIONS. ENFANTS ET LES VÊTEMENTS BIEN À L'ÉCART. LE CONTACT PEUT CAUSER DES BRÛLURES AND FURNITURE AWAY. CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN BURNS. SEE NAMEPLATE AND INSTRUCTIONS.// CHAUD LORSQU'EN OPÉRATION. NE PAS TOUCHER, TENEZ LES COMBUSTBLE FLOOR MUST BE PROTECTED BY A CONTINUOUS NON-COMBUSTBLE MATERIAL EX-TENIDED TO THE FROOM, SIDES, AND BACK AS INDICATED.
HOT WHILE IN OPERATION. DO NOT TOUCH. KEEP CHILDREN, CLOTHING OPERATE ONLY WITH FEED DOOR CLOSED. OPEN TO FEED FIRE ONLY.

KEEP FURNISHINGS AND OTHER COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS WELL AWAY FROM HEATER.

REPLACE GLASS ONLY WITH CERAMIC GLASS.

REPLACE GLASS ONLY WITH CERAMIC BLASS.

REPLACE STATE ON HECTOR NOT PERMITTED IN MOBILLE HOMES.

AS TESTED - PIPE SHIELD MAY BE REQUIRED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

AS TESTED - PIPE SHIELD MAY BE REQUIRED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

AS TESTED - PIPE SHIELD MAY BE REQUIRED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES. INSTRUCTIONS.

CONTACT LOCAL BUILDING OR FIRE OFFICIALS ABOUT RESTRICTIONS, INSTALLATION PERMIT AND ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION AND OPERATING USTED ROOM HEATER, SOLID FUEL TYPE. CERTIFIED FOR CANADA AND U.S.A. - SERIES / SÉRIE: D TESTED TO/ ÉPROUVÉ SELON: CAN/ULC S627-00 AND UL IL 1482-2011
MINIMUM CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS/ DÉGAGEMENTS MINIMALES AUX A. SIDEWALL TO UNITY

MIR DE COTE I APPAREL

B. BACKWALL TO UNITY

MUR DE FOND I APPAREL

C. CORNER TO UNITY

D. SIDEWALL TO CONNECTORY

MUR DE COTE I RACCORD

MUR DE CONUNCCTORY

MUR DE SOND I RACCORD

MUR DE SOND I RACCORD MADE IN CANADA/ FABRIQUE AU CANADA MODEL / MODÈLE: SUPER 27 SPECTRUM ALDERLEAT5 CLASSIC MUR COTE SIDE WALL MATÉRIAUX COMBUSTIBLES RACCORD ER TO CONNECTOR/ CORD A. 16 in. / 405 mm B. 10 in. / 255 mm C. N/A D. 24.5 in. / 620 mm E. 16.5 in. / 420 mm F. N/A IN U.S.A. G. AUX ÉTATS-UNIS H. 0 SONNEMENT D'AIR EXTERIEUR ET L'UN DES PROMETES ET ULC-S-629 ONT ENUMERE CHEMINÉE

NOUVERNOUSIÈ MULL

SYSTÈMES DE CHEMINÉE COMPATIBLES SUIVANTS:

NOUVERNOUSIÈ MULL

SYSTÈMES DE CHEMINÉE COMPATIBLES SUIVANTS:

PÉCES EN OPTION : NECESSAIRES DE SOUREC FEUR ENUMERES ET ULC-S-629 ONT ENUMERE CHEMINEE

ELECTRIQUE NOUVER L'ELL'S 441 CONNEC FEUR ENUMERES ET ULC-S-629 ONT ENUMERE (18V, 60HZ, 1.0 AMP. LE FIL

L'ELL'S EN L'ADORNY

EL ELL'S EN L'ADORNY

ET IL ÉLECTRIQUE NE DOIT PAS ÉTRE PLACÉ SOUS LE POÈLE

15 IL / 200 mm

OPÉTE S'ELT FEUR L'ELL'S SOUS LE DOIT D'ELL'S SOUS LE DOIT D CONNECTEUR HORIZOVITAL NON PERMIS DANS MÁSONS MOBILES TEL QUO ÉPROUVÉ UN PROTECTEUR DE TUYAU PEUT ÉTRE REQUIS PAR LES AUTORITÉS LOCALES DIMENSION D'ALCOVE COMBUSTIBLE. PROFONDEIR - 3 PEIDS / 3MM, HAUTEUR ? PIEDS/2.1MM, LARGEUR 4 PIEDS/1.2MM MINI-RAUX COMBUSTIBLES.

NE FAITES PAS PASSER UN RACCORDEMENT DE CHEMNÉE À TRAVERS D'UN MUR OU D'UN PLAFOND COMPOSÉS DE MATÉRAUX

NE FAITES PAS PASSER UN RACCORDEMENT DE CHEMNÉE À LIN MUR SIMPLE ET TOUT MATÉRIEL COMBUSTIBLE - 18

POUCES / 455 mm., CE DÉGAGEMENT PEUT ÊTRE RÉDUIT EN UTILISANT DES PROTECTEURS DE TUYAUX CLASSÉS, PROTECTEURS DE MUR OU AUTRES MOYENS APPROUVÉS PAR LES OFFICIELS DE LA CONSTRUCTION OU DU SERVICE D'INCENDIE

DE VOTRE RÉGION.

CONNECTEUR HORIZONTAL NON PERMIS DANS MAISONS MOBILES

L'APPARIEL DOIT COMPORTER UN ENSEMBLE POUR PIEDSTABLE DU SUR PATTES.

PIÈCES REQUISES POUR INSTALLATION EN MASON MOBILE OU EN ALCÔVE: NÉCESSAIRE D'APPROVISIONNEMENT D'AIR EXTÉRIEUR ET L'UN DES RACCORDS SUIVANTS: EN COMBINAISON AVEC L'UN DES

SIONNEMENT D'AIR EXTÉRIEUR ET L'UN DES RACCORDS SUIVANTS: EN COMBINAISON AVEC L'UN DES

SIONNEMENT D'AIR EXTÉRIEUR ET L'UN DES RACCORDS SUIVANTS: EN COMBINAISON AVEC L'UN DES INSTALLE ET UTILISEZ SELON LES INSTRUCTIONS D'INSTALLATION ET D'OPÉRATION FOURNA MEC L'APPAREIL.
CONTACTEZ LES OFFRCELS DE LA CONSTRUCTION UD LE SERVAID POUR DES INFORMATIONS QUANT AUX
RESTRICTIONS, PERMIS D'INSTALLATION ET INSPECTIONS DANS VOTRE REGION.
NE RELIEZ PAS CET APPAREIL À UN CONDUIT DE CHEMNÉE DESSERVANT DÉLÀ UN AUTRE APPAREIL (ÉTATS-UNIS SEULE-MUM. LE PLANCHER COMBUSTIBLE DOIT ÉTRE PROTÉGÉ PAR UN MATÉRIEL NON-COMBUSTIBLE TOUT D'UNE PIÈCE QUI DOIT S'ÉTENDRE DE PAR LE DEVANT, LES COTÉS ET L'ARRIÈRE TEL QU'INDIQUÉ DONOTORSTRUCT HE SPACE BENEATH THE HEATER / CONSULTEZ LE CODE LOCAL DE CONSTRUCTON ET LES NISTRUCTONS DI FABRICANT QUANT AUX PRÉCAUTIONS À PRENDRE LORSQUE VOUS FAITES PASSER UNE CHEMINÉE À TRAVERS D'UN MUR OU D'UN PLAFOND COMPOSÉS DE MATÉ. UTILISEZ UN RACCORDEMENT NOIR OU CLASSÉ DE 24 MSG ET AVEC UN DIAMÈTRE D'AU MOINS 6 POUCES / 150 mm. PEUT ÊTRE CONNECTÉ À UNE CHEMINÉE DE MAÇONNERIE ALIGNÉE PRÊTE À L'EMPLOI AVEC DES COMBUSTIBLES SOLIDES M J J A S O N D 2014 2015 2016 2017 PACIFIC ENERGY

050515-24 PACIFIC SUPER-SD1 23



fire-parts.com

PACIFIC ENERGY FIREPLACE PRODUCTS LTD.

2975 Allenby Rd., Duncan, B.C. V9L 6V8
Phone: 250-748-1184
Web site: http://www.pacificenergy.net